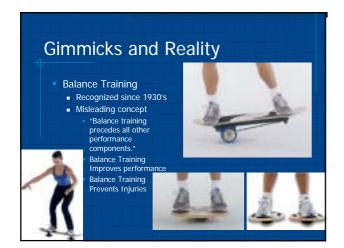
### Gimmicks vs. Reality Ricky Tianco CSCS Michael Tse CSCS Gimmicks and Reality Introduction ■ Tudor Bompa- Periodization • 1956 Olympics Games = Rower

### Gimmicks and Reality Definition

• Coached athletes in 11 Olympic and World Championship Help achieve 4 Golds and 22 National Champiuonships "Periodization of (Strength) Training for Sports"

- Gimmick-
- Reality-
  - Stretched reality

### Gimmicks and Reality Anatomical Adaptations Physiological Adaptation > level of adaptation = > performance improvement. Gimmicks and Reality Best Adaptation= Specificity Intensity Feasibility Simplify Training Low # of exercises More sets/reps Gimmicks and Reality Essentials of a good Training Program ■ Sport Skills Specific Strength Training and Conditioning ■ Proper Core Stabilization ■ Balance and Proprioception ■ Flexibility



### Gimmicks and Reality ◆ Balance Training ■ No scientific research or Definitive Proof ■ No Proof that Balance Training is a limiting factor for performance. ■ Pros: ◆ Essential for rehabilitation of injured limb. ◆ Fun

## Gimmicks and Reality • ACL Injury ↓ • Interruption of the 'ACL muscle reflex arc' ↓ • Triggers 'Second Pathway'

- " Second Pathway"
- from the remaining muscle, capsule and peri-articular soft tissue mechanoreceptors
- slower
- abnormal muscle activation patterns of hamstring & quadriceps, reducing knee stability.

### Gimmicks and Reality

- Core stabilization
  - "Overflow of Activation"
  - Prime movers and other synergistic muscles.
  - Enhances postural stability
  - Deadlift other upright multi-joint exercises=good core stablizers.

Injuries mostly ligaments Stabilizer muscles less likely injured.

- 'Power Exercises on the stability ball'
- Dumbell Press on Stability Ball vs.
   Bench Press






- Stability Ball
  - Good adjunct to 'abdominal corset' muscle training.
  - 'Core awareness'
  - Stabilizers least injured muscles.
  - Avoid circus like exercises unless this is exactly like his /her sport. Avoid waste of time.

### Gimmicks and Reality

### Bodybuilding

- Myth: Hypertrophy is essential for strength and power gain.
- Reality:
  - Hypertrophy is needed in very few sports.
  - Strength and power gains can be realized without significant hypertrophy.
  - Techniques for maximum mass gain may be counterproductive for power gain.



### Olympic Lifting Myth: Olympic Style Lifting Training Program will solve all strength and power problems of all athletes.

- Reality:
  - Modified Explosive lifting, periodized according to the specific sport will enhance power and in turn may improve sports performance.

## Gimmicks and Reality Sled / Harness Running Myth= increase speed and power Reality = it doesn't force application is too slow. Changes CG Pros=Metabolic benefits. Alactic Acid Training: 510 secs Lactic Acid Tolerance: 15 secs - > 30 secs

### Gimmicks and Reality \* Hill Running • Incline Slope • Int.Training 25->75m • >5-15 degrees • Myth: Develop Leg Power • Reality: force application is too slow/long propulsion phase > 300ms \* Pros = • Alactic Acid Training • Lactic Acid Tolerance • HR=168-176bpm

Anaerobic Threshold

## Gimmicks and Reality Alactic Reps: <15 deg Reps 5-10 sec Max speed effort Rest >3 min LA Tolerance <10 deg Steady speed 5-30 secs Short rest < 2minutes

- Decline Slope
  - Not widely practiced
  - Scope : break personal speed barrier
    - < 3degrees= Increase in acceleration</p>
    - >3 degrees
      - Changes running mechanics
      - Prolongs duration of contact phase
      - Needs to stabilize the body
      - Propulsion phase = lower power
      - 'braking '

### Claim: JumpSoles™ are the world's most popular plyometric training platforms which attach to your own shoes. Training with JumpSoles™ builds up important fast twitch muscle fibers for explosive leaping ability and quickness.

- Jump Soles-
  - Myth =Increase Jump Height
  - Reality= not proven to be superior over conventional plyometric training.
    - Stretch reflex contraction is a function of the rate of stretch.
    - High incidence of achilles' tendinitis.
- Spring Shoe-
  - Myth =Increase Jump Power
  - Reality: False. (Increases contact time)

- Claim:
- Allows the user to train both resistance running and overspeed running without a partner, thereby improving stride length and frequency, the two key elements in sprint speed.



### Gimmicks and Reality

- Power Chute
  - Myth: Increase Maximum Velocity
  - Reality : not substantiated
    - Air resistance in the first 20-40m the chute is released to effect sudden 'burst of speed'.
       Contrast effect illusion.

- Chute
  - Positive effect: if the chute is stable and does not move.=may increase fast twitch fiber recruitment.
  - Negative :
    - Chute is moving behind the athlete and tends to destabilize the body.
    - Need to stabilize the body also prolongs contact phase.
    - Actually may decrease speed.


- Running Drill (Arm Swing)
  - Myth :Increase arm drive
  - Reality: Not true.
    - Force of the back arm drive=quickness/force of the opposite leg drive
  - Pulling Exercises for the are better for back arm drive.

### Gimmicks and Reality

- Elastic Bands
  - Used since 1950's
  - Simple and readily available
  - Increase resistance with the degree of stretch
  - Decrease resistance over time.
  - Best use for endurance sports = high reps
  - Myth: Inc. lateral speed, agility, jump power, etc.

### Gimmicks and Reality • Vertimax

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### Vertimax

- May have benefits due to pulley system maintaining constant resistance over the range of motion.
- Too much resistance prolongs the contact time. 'Amortization phase.'
- May increase rate of stretch if landing is not softened
- More practical in developing eccentric strength.
- Widely used but not definitely proven more superior than Body weight plyometric training.

### Gimmicks and Reality

### Over Speed Training

- Myth: Increase Speed
- Reality: Decrease Speed
  - Forward pulling alters the mechanics of running.
  - Trunk leans backward = position of deceleration
  - Increases duration of Contact phase.
  - Not conducive for a strong propulsion.



### Gimmicks and Reality

### Over Speed Training

- More pulling than pushing.
- Artificial pull cause proprioceptors to detect unknown/disturbed conditions
- Attempt to correct by stabilizing the body
- Prolongs contact phase
- Decrease velocity.

### Over Speed treadmill

- Myth: Increase stride frequency thus increase speed.
- Reality:
  - Does not increase speed.
  - It alters the firing pattern of the fast twitch muscle fiber.
  - Maybe useful for energy systems training.
  - Key to fast running is the propulsive phase.



### Gimmicks and Reality

### 'Unweighted Running'Claim:

 Basically, putting on a harness and spinning your legs along the treadmill belt represents a way to train those fast-firing nerve cells which control movements and coordinate leg-muscle activity during very quick contractions. It also 'teaches' muscle cells to function at accelerated firing rates



- Study
  - 'Effect of Overspeed Harness Supported Treadmill Training on Running Economy and Performance,' Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, vol. 27(5), Supplement, 1995).
- Verdict:
  - Unweighted work did not improve running economy, compared to regular running, nor did it accelerate one-mile or 5-K race times.

### Gimmicks and Reality Maximum Speed is a result of : 1. Propulsion Power 2. Stride Length 3. Stride Frequency Gimmicks and Reality Propulsion Phase ■ The higher the force , shorter the propulsive phase ■ Strong propulsive phase is possible only on immobile surface ■ Increase Propulsive phase by training Max Strength and Power

- Stride Length
  - Due to force application
  - Over speed treadmill- surface belt to fast for force application.
  - To increase stride length must increase propulsive force

### Stride Frequency Depends on height/leg length Short sprinters may have higher frequency but may not be the fastest. High frequency induced by the treadmill cannot compensate for a weak propulsive

\*Increase Stride Frequency by Decreasing

### Gimmicks and Reality

Abdominal Stimulators:

**Contact Phase** 

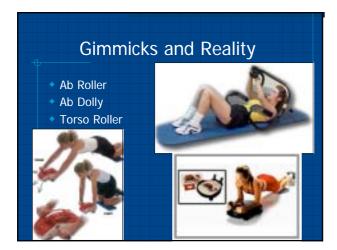
- Claims:
- Used successfully for years by physiotherapists.
- No effort exercise.
- Workout while watching TV.
- No side effects.?
- Reality-
  - Performance Training adaptations are effort related.
  - Mind (Perceptual) and Neuromuscular coordination.

### Abtronic (Fat Blaster)

- Claims:
  - 10 min/day = 600 sit ups
  - Can flatten stomach once and for all
  - Has fat and cellulite blaster that could work on fat
  - Could firm, tone and tighten the upper 'abs', 'lower abs' and 'love handles', with no sweat.



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### Electromyographic Comparison of the Upper and Lower Rectus Abdominis During Abdominal Exercises Curl up Swiss Ball Curl up Ab Trainer Curl up Leg Lowering

Swiss Ball Roll out Reverse Curl up

Clark MC, Holt LE, Sinyard J

### Gimmicks and Reality

High performance athlete's aren't born...
They use their Powerballs!

### Gimmicks and Reality

- Claim
- Explosive, dynamic, exciting Powerball!
   Powerball is a dynamic and completely revolutionary new gyroscope that literally explodes with mind numbing torque and inertia once you active its internal rotor.
- test up to 90% of the muscles in the arm in a single 7 minute session



High performance athlete's aren't dom... They use their Provertials'

### Gimmicks and Reality Power Ball Gyroscope:

- Claim:
  - Give you powerful grip:
- Reality:
  - The stimulus does not induce powerful contractions but rather a slow gradual build-up.
  - May be useful for lactic acid tolerance training.
  - May be of value for grip endurance.

### Gimmicks and Reality

- a revolutionary biomechanical hand positioning system for walking and all athletic activities,
- "world's first total-body orthotic"
- any strength and endurance training
- to strengthen women's internal organs - the Kegel muscles and the muscles used for bladder control.



# retrains the specific contraction pattern of your fingers, thumb and wrist into a neutral position, resulting in better body control, improved balance, and better results with less effort one-size-fits-all estitutes grip will fit the majority of all user's hands correctly

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- IT'S A JUNGLE OUT THERE!
- Research any new training method or equipment.
- Base your training programs on sound scientific principles.
- Simplify rather than complicate training.
- Excessive exercise lowers adaptation.
- Do what is important.

## KUNG HEI FAT CHOI!!!